

Implementing CareSight is a relatively simple process from a Hospital IT standpoint. The main operations include standing up a server, granting access to key databases, and establishing a connection with the AWS server farm. CareSight does the heavy lifting in the cloud, and in the configuration of different outputs for the hospital clinical staff.

### Server Backup

- An initial backup of the Rauland, Vocera, or other application servers is required to configure and map the databases to the CareSight Analytics Application
- Once the fields are mapped, the implementation goes quickly on the data side

### Server or VM instance required

- The "CareSight CarePoint Reader (CPR)"
- can run on a physical server or a virtual machine
- It is a lightweight application, basically extracting specific tables from targeted databases, and pushing the data to the AWS cloud

### Application Characteristics

- The CareSight CarePoint Reader (CPR) scans the target databases and sends data at a selected interval to the cloud
- PHI data is NOT used to prevent any risk of patient information leaving the hospital

### Server/VM Specifications

- The CPR application is not very I/O or Bandwidth intensive.
- Basic Requirements:
- 8 GB of RAM
- 100GB of disk space

### Database Access

- User ID and Password information is required to grant read-only access to target databases
- Permissions need to be established in Active Directory if appropriate

### VPN and Firewall Access

- VPN access is required to communicate with the Hospital provided VM/Server
- Port 443 - outbound only needs to be opened on the firewall to allow access to AWS servers

*"CareSight was an easy lift for our IT team. Once installed, we've had no need to touch the application."*

